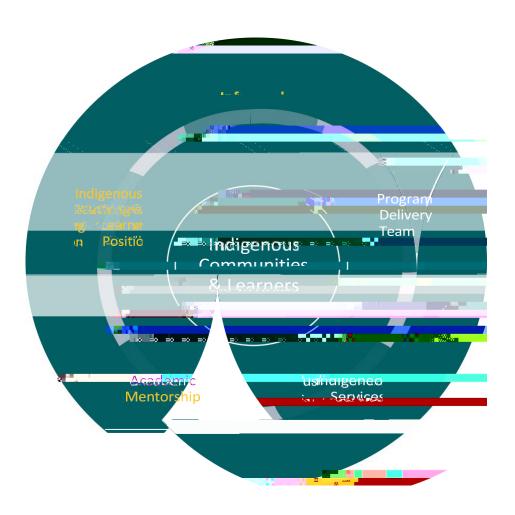
Guidedby Community: Okanagar College's Informed Practice Guidelines for Working with Indigenous Communities and Learners

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Goal: Providing accessible and supportive education aboptor tunities for Indigenous earners at any stage of their lives and life circumstance.



Informed Practice- A Holistic Frameworkfor Teaching and Learning

Through:

- authentic reciprocal relations
- listeningto and acting on the directions and priorities of Indigenous communities, and
- respecting/distinct communities and landbased protocols

OkanagarCollege(OC)hasgainedinsightsinto an informed practice modethat is expected by Indigenous partners and rightsolders.

The following framework seeks to articulate the principles and considerations of informed programing practices at Okanagan College. It is designed to support program delivery teams as the work with Indigenous Services to provide programming for Indigenouscommunitiesandlearners. It is intended to support systemic change and improve Indigenous learner outcomes.

Section1: Principles Nothing about us without us"

Informed practice is guided by:

An understanding of the inherentright of selfdetermination

All relations and work with Indigenous Peoples and Communities will be based on the recognition of Indigenous rights of self determination, including:

- the distinct right to maintain, control, develop, protect, and transmit their culturalheritage,traditionalknowledge, languages, food systems, sciences, and technologies.
- the right, without discrimination& bias,to improve their economic and social conditions, which includes the areas of education, employment, vocational training, and retraining.

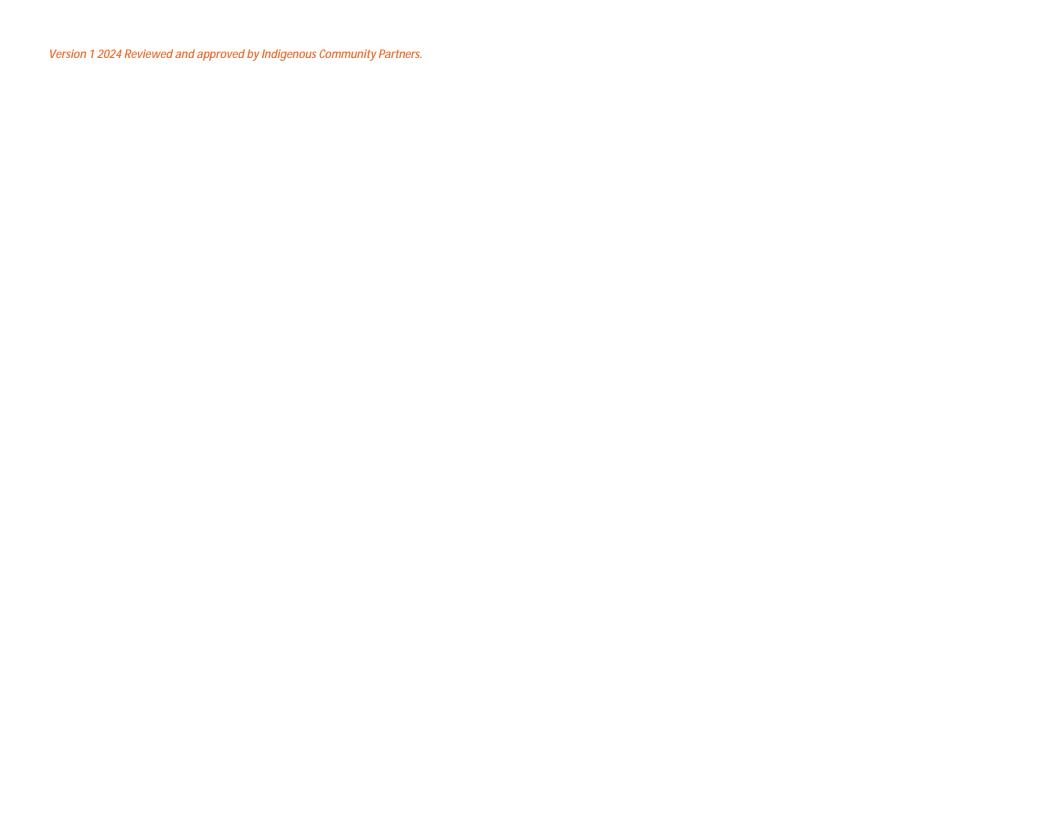
Okanagan College respects the inherent rights of Indigenous peoples and commits to authentic engagementy seeking and acting on direction from Indigenous communities as a foundation of informed practice. The College does not act on behalf of Indigenous communities and students, r. 9 (us 53ion)-2.1 (.)-8

does not act on behalf of Indigenous communities and students, r.9 (us 53ion)-2.1 (,)-883.7 (d+)11.5(2)-35/hdp.495/2h] (d+)11.5(2

Section2: Pre-engagemen Considerations Starting in the Right Way

- ? Acknowledge and respect that Indigenous peoples and communities know what's best for themselve commit to ce developing and delivering programs based on learner and community need.
- ? Ensuredecisionsare guided by and confirmed with the Indigenous partner before submission of fundingor implementation
- ? Beopenand expect to do things differently to ensure learner success. Ensure that appropriate and additional levels of resources are available.
- Recognize systemic racism exists within OC systems. Commit to ensuring no further harm happens by following informed practice and adapting practice and systems where necessary.
- Acknowledgeandrespectthe unique culturelgd0041.58Tc 0.5 (w)11. syo.4





Version 1 2024 Reviewed and

? Ensure the instructor understands the relations and protocol for inviting TraditionalKnowledgeholdersinto the learning experience.

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Thoughtfully interwoven Indigenous contentandapproachesmustbeinformed by an understanding of Indigenous epistemologies (how knowledge can be known) and pedagogies (how knowledge can be taught).

ways to restructure the program to foster learner success. Instead of assuming the issuelies with the

Circlebackto the partner. Askfor feedbackon:

- o What went well for both the learners and community?
- o Opportunities for next time for both the learner and community
- o Reflecton:
 - curriculum,did it go well.
 - how did assessmentwork?
 - did the timing work.
 - were the instructors prepared?
 - how well were students supported?
 - did the resourcesmeet the needs, etc.
- Reportto ProvostCouncilandAssociate
 Dean Council on any recommendations
 coming out of the delivery (e.g.,
 incorporate learning into practice).
 Assess against established principles
 and practice.

Section8: Resources

Indigenous Knowledge Rubric 2015.pd Thomson (2015)
Rubric for the Evaluation of Indigenous Knowledge Curricula (useful resource for assessments)

BCCampus Indigenization Guieristemologiesand-

Section9: Definitions

Authentic Relations Relationships built on mutual respect, trust, and understanding, recognizing the distinctivenes and sovereignty of Indigenous peoples. These relations honor Indigenous worldviews and ways of being, ensuring equitable and meaningful engagement.

Colonization An intentional process in which Indigenouswaysof knowing, being, doing, and relating are disrupted by deliberate systemic actions of settlers and settler governments. Within post-secondaryeducation, colonization privileges settler thought and processes as legitimate and superior, displacing other knowledge systems.

Consultation (as it pertains to OCA meaningful and respectful dialogue between Okanagan College and Indigenous communities to seek input, understand concerns, and incorporate Indigenous perspectives into all possible decision making processes. This process is crucial for building trust and ensuring that policies and programs are responsive to Indigenous needs and aspirations.

Cultural ResurgenceA process that enables Indigenous Peoples to retrieve and renew traditional teachings and practices in contemporarycontextsto honorandc 0.Td (0.0002 Tcc 0006 Tw 0.198 0 Td [(c)-9.1 (d)]TJ 7 (o)]006 1.554 0 Td (Tj 0.0)-94 Tc -0.004 T1.808 1. Td [(pro)1.9]Tc

Indigenous KnowledgesThere are multiple Indigenous knowledges, each rooted in the uniqueexperienceandtraditions of different Indigenous groups. Complex Indigenous knowledge systems emerge from and express Indigenous elationshipandinterconnections to specific lands, cultures, and communities.

Informed Practice Approaches and actions takenbased athorough understanding of the context, history, and specific needs of a community. In the context of Indigenous education, it involves being knowledgeable about Indigenous cultures, histories, and contemporary issues.

LandBased ProtocolGuidelines and practices of Indigenous peoples, related to their relationship with the land. These protocols govern the respectful use and stewardship of land, waters, and resources and are essential for maintaining cultural practices and teachings.

Local Indigenous Partnersndividuals recommended or through the local regional Indigenous Advisory Body and guided by land-based practices, playing a key role in representing and communicating the interests and perspectives of Indigenous communities.

Ownership, Control, Access, and Possession (OCAP)A set of principles guiding research with Indigenous communities. OCAP emphasizes that Indigenous peoples have the right to own, control, accessandpossessheir data and information.

Reconciliation The process of acknowledging the truth of historicalinjustices and harmdone to Indigenous peoples, making amends, and creating authentic relationships Reconciliation involves concrete actions that demonstrate a real commitment to change and respect for Indigenous rights and cultures.

Self-Determination: The right of Indigenous peoplesto determinetheir own political status and freely pursue their economic, social, and cultural development. It encompasses autonomy and the ability to make decisions that affect their lives and communities.

SystemicRacism The systemicoppression and discrimination embedded in policies, p5 -0 0 minatibedcricsystet111 1 Tf 0 ind [(sy)-4 (s)11.2 (t)-0.742.7 (e)3.4Td [1.9elopmeo ma , spoimoo(